

Abstract

Title of the thesis: The status of sport in primary drug prevention for students in upper primary school.

Aim of the thesis: The aim of the thesis is to map the relation of drugs and students of upper primary school and to evaluate the role of sport in drug prevention.

Methodology: The project was conceived as a questionnaire survey in which 161 students from 6th to 9th grade of a primary school participated. Data were obtained once in a particular primary school during a special lesson, which took place in all classes at the same time.

Conclusion: The results show that there is inclination and the number of opportunities to experiment increasing with the age of students. Despite all the worries of the society about the setup of the young generation, it is possible to state that there is a minimum of really threatened individuals. The bid of drugs is almost unlimited in these days, yet the young people do not get hooked as it could look on the very first sight. The inclination to experience something new is and always has been one of the main characters of adolescence and the role of older generations is to offer alternatives that are more interesting than mere chemically induced changes of consciousness. One of those alternatives is just sport, which is a frequent type of spending leisure time and is highly valued by the young people as a strong factor of drug prevention.

Key words: Drugs, drug addiction, primary drug prevention, experiments with drugs, leisure activities, sport.